

Fundamental Physical Constants — Atomic and nuclear constants

Quantity	Symbol	Value	Unit	Relative std. uncert. u_r
General				
fine-structure constant $e^2/4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar c$	α	$7.297\ 352\ 5693(11) \times 10^{-3}$		1.5×10^{-10}
inverse fine-structure constant	α^{-1}	137.035 999 084(21)		1.5×10^{-10}
Rydberg frequency $\alpha^2 m_e c^2 / 2h = E_h / 2h$	cR_∞	$3.289\ 841\ 960\ 2508(64) \times 10^{15}$	Hz	1.9×10^{-12}
energy equivalent	$hc R_\infty$	$2.179\ 872\ 361\ 1035(42) \times 10^{-18}$	J	1.9×10^{-12}
		13.605 693 122 994(26)	eV	1.9×10^{-12}
Rydberg constant	R_∞	10 973 731.568 160(21)	[m ⁻¹]*	1.9×10^{-12}
Bohr radius $\hbar/\alpha m_e c = 4\pi\epsilon_0\hbar^2/m_e e^2$	a_0	$5.291\ 772\ 109\ 03(80) \times 10^{-11}$	m	1.5×10^{-10}
Hartree energy $\alpha^2 m_e c^2 = e^2/4\pi\epsilon_0 a_0 = 2hcR_\infty$	E_h	$4.359\ 744\ 722\ 2071(85) \times 10^{-18}$	J	1.9×10^{-12}
		27.211 386 245 988(53)	eV	1.9×10^{-12}
quantum of circulation	$\pi\hbar/m_e$	$3.636\ 947\ 5516(11) \times 10^{-4}$	m ² s ⁻¹	3.0×10^{-10}
	$2\pi\hbar/m_e$	$7.273\ 895\ 1032(22) \times 10^{-4}$	m ² s ⁻¹	3.0×10^{-10}
Electroweak				
Fermi coupling constant [†]	$G_F/(\hbar c)^3$	$1.166\ 3787(6) \times 10^{-5}$	GeV ⁻²	5.1×10^{-7}
weak mixing angle [‡] θ_W (on-shell scheme)	$\sin^2 \theta_W$	0.222 90(30)		1.3×10^{-3}
Electron, e ⁻				
electron mass	m_e	$9.109\ 383\ 7015(28) \times 10^{-31}$	kg	3.0×10^{-10}
		5.485 799 090 65(16) × 10 ⁻⁴	u	2.9×10^{-11}
energy equivalent	$m_e c^2$	$8.187\ 105\ 7769(25) \times 10^{-14}$	J	3.0×10^{-10}
		0.510 998 950 00(15)	MeV	3.0×10^{-10}
electron-muon mass ratio	m_e/m_μ	$4.836\ 331\ 69(11) \times 10^{-3}$		2.2×10^{-8}
electron-tau mass ratio	m_e/m_τ	$2.875\ 85(19) \times 10^{-4}$		6.8×10^{-5}
electron-proton mass ratio	m_e/m_p	$5.446\ 170\ 214\ 87(33) \times 10^{-4}$		6.0×10^{-11}
electron-neutron mass ratio	m_e/m_n	$5.438\ 673\ 4424(26) \times 10^{-4}$		4.8×10^{-10}
electron-deuteron mass ratio	m_e/m_d	$2.724\ 437\ 107\ 462(96) \times 10^{-4}$		3.5×10^{-11}
electron-triton mass ratio	m_e/m_t	$1.819\ 200\ 062\ 251(90) \times 10^{-4}$		5.0×10^{-11}
electron-helion mass ratio	m_e/m_h	$1.819\ 543\ 074\ 573(79) \times 10^{-4}$		4.3×10^{-11}
electron to alpha particle mass ratio	m_e/m_α	$1.370\ 933\ 554\ 787(45) \times 10^{-4}$		3.3×10^{-11}
electron charge to mass quotient	$-e/m_e$	$-1.758\ 820\ 010\ 76(53) \times 10^{11}$	C kg ⁻¹	3.0×10^{-10}
electron molar mass $N_A m_e$	$M(e), M_e$	$5.485\ 799\ 0888(17) \times 10^{-7}$	kg mol ⁻¹	3.0×10^{-10}
reduced Compton wavelength $\hbar/m_e c = \alpha a_0$	λ_C	$3.861\ 592\ 6796(12) \times 10^{-13}$	m	3.0×10^{-10}
Compton wavelength	λ_C	$2.426\ 310\ 238\ 67(73) \times 10^{-12}$	[m]*	3.0×10^{-10}
classical electron radius $\alpha^2 a_0$	r_e	$2.817\ 940\ 3262(13) \times 10^{-15}$	m	4.5×10^{-10}
Thomson cross section $(8\pi/3)r_e^2$	σ_e	$6.652\ 458\ 7321(60) \times 10^{-29}$	m ²	9.1×10^{-10}
electron magnetic moment	μ_e	$-9.284\ 764\ 7043(28) \times 10^{-24}$	J T ⁻¹	3.0×10^{-10}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_e/μ_B	$-1.001\ 159\ 652\ 181\ 28(18)$		1.7×10^{-13}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_e/μ_N	-1838.281 971 88(11)		6.0×10^{-11}
electron magnetic moment				
anomaly $ \mu_e /\mu_B - 1$	a_e	$1.159\ 652\ 181\ 28(18) \times 10^{-3}$		1.5×10^{-10}
electron g-factor $-2(1 + a_e)$	g_e	-2.002 319 304 362 56(35)		1.7×10^{-13}
electron-muon magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_μ	206.766 9883(46)		2.2×10^{-8}
electron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_p	-658.210 687 89(20)		3.0×10^{-10}
electron to shielded proton magnetic moment ratio (H ₂ O, sphere, 25 °C)	μ_e/μ'_p	-658.227 5971(72)		1.1×10^{-8}
electron-neutron magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_n	960.920 50(23)		2.4×10^{-7}
electron-deuteron magnetic moment ratio	μ_e/μ_d	-2143.923 4915(56)		2.6×10^{-9}
electron to shielded helion magnetic				

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moment ratio (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	μ_e/μ'_h	864.058 257(10)		1.2×10^{-8}
electron gyromagnetic ratio $2 \mu_e /\hbar$	γ_e	$1.760\,859\,630\,23(53) \times 10^{11}$ $28\,024\,951\,4242(85)$	$s^{-1} T^{-1}$ $\text{MHz } T^{-1}$	3.0×10^{-10} 3.0×10^{-10}
		Muon, μ^-		
muon mass	m_μ	$1.883\,531\,627(42) \times 10^{-28}$ 0.113 428 9259(25)	kg u	2.2×10^{-8} 2.2×10^{-8}
energy equivalent	$m_\mu c^2$	$1.692\,833\,804(38) \times 10^{-11}$ 105.658 3755(23)	J MeV	2.2×10^{-8} 2.2×10^{-8}
muon-electron mass ratio	m_μ/m_e	206.768 2830(46)		2.2×10^{-8}
muon-tau mass ratio	m_μ/m_τ	$5.946\,35(40) \times 10^{-2}$		6.8×10^{-5}
muon-proton mass ratio	m_μ/m_p	0.112 609 5264(25)		2.2×10^{-8}
muon-neutron mass ratio	m_μ/m_n	0.112 454 5170(25)		2.2×10^{-8}
muon molar mass $N_A m_\mu$	$M(\mu), M_\mu$	$1.134\,289\,259(25) \times 10^{-4}$	kg mol^{-1}	2.2×10^{-8}
reduced muon Compton wavelength $\hbar/m_\mu c$	$\lambda_{C,\mu}$	$1.867\,594\,306(42) \times 10^{-15}$	m	2.2×10^{-8}
muon Compton wavelength	$\lambda_{C,\mu}$	$1.173\,444\,110(26) \times 10^{-14}$	[m]*	2.2×10^{-8}
muon magnetic moment	μ_μ	$-4.490\,448\,30(10) \times 10^{-26}$	$J T^{-1}$	2.2×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_μ/μ_B	$-4.841\,970\,47(11) \times 10^{-3}$		2.2×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_μ/μ_N	$-8.890\,597\,03(20)$		2.2×10^{-8}
muon magnetic moment anomaly				
$ \mu_\mu /(e\hbar/2m_\mu) - 1$	a_μ	$1.165\,920\,89(63) \times 10^{-3}$		5.4×10^{-7}
muon g-factor $-2(1 + a_\mu)$	g_μ	-2.002 331 8418(13)		6.3×10^{-10}
muon-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_μ/μ_p	-3.183 345 142(71)		2.2×10^{-8}
		Tau, τ^-		
tau mass [§]	m_τ	$3.167\,54(21) \times 10^{-27}$ 1.907 54(13)	kg u	6.8×10^{-5} 6.8×10^{-5}
energy equivalent	$m_\tau c^2$	$2.846\,84(19) \times 10^{-10}$ 1776.86(12)	J MeV	6.8×10^{-5} 6.8×10^{-5}
tau-electron mass ratio	m_τ/m_e	3477.23(23)		6.8×10^{-5}
tau-muon mass ratio	m_τ/m_μ	16.8170(11)		6.8×10^{-5}
tau-proton mass ratio	m_τ/m_p	1.893 76(13)		6.8×10^{-5}
tau-neutron mass ratio	m_τ/m_n	1.891 15(13)		6.8×10^{-5}
tau molar mass $N_A m_\tau$	$M(\tau), M_\tau$	$1.907\,54(13) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol^{-1}	6.8×10^{-5}
reduced tau Compton wavelength $\hbar/m_\tau c$	$\lambda_{C,\tau}$	$1.110\,538(75) \times 10^{-16}$	m	6.8×10^{-5}
tau Compton wavelength	$\lambda_{C,\tau}$	$6.977\,71(47) \times 10^{-16}$	[m]*	6.8×10^{-5}
		Proton, p		
proton mass	m_p	$1.672\,621\,923\,69(51) \times 10^{-27}$ 1.007 276 466 621(53)	kg u	3.1×10^{-10} 5.3×10^{-11}
energy equivalent	$m_p c^2$	$1.503\,277\,615\,98(46) \times 10^{-10}$ 938.272 088 16(29)	J MeV	3.1×10^{-10} 3.1×10^{-10}
proton-electron mass ratio	m_p/m_e	1836.152 673 43(11)		6.0×10^{-11}
proton-muon mass ratio	m_p/m_μ	8.880 243 37(20)		2.2×10^{-8}
proton-tau mass ratio	m_p/m_τ	0.528 051(36)		6.8×10^{-5}
proton-neutron mass ratio	m_p/m_n	0.998 623 478 12(49)		4.9×10^{-10}
proton charge to mass quotient	e/m_p	$9.578\,833\,1560(29) \times 10^7$	$C \text{ kg}^{-1}$	3.1×10^{-10}
proton molar mass $N_A m_p$	$M(p), M_p$	$1.007\,276\,466\,27(31) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol^{-1}	3.1×10^{-10}
reduced proton Compton wavelength $\hbar/m_p c$	$\lambda_{C,p}$	$2.103\,089\,103\,36(64) \times 10^{-16}$	m	3.1×10^{-10}
proton Compton wavelength	$\lambda_{C,p}$	$1.321\,409\,855\,39(40) \times 10^{-15}$	[m]*	3.1×10^{-10}
proton rms charge radius	r_p	$8.414(19) \times 10^{-16}$	m	2.2×10^{-3}

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proton magnetic moment	μ_p	$1.410\,606\,797\,36(60) \times 10^{-26}$	J T^{-1}	4.2×10^{-10}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_p/μ_B	$1.521\,032\,202\,30(46) \times 10^{-3}$		3.0×10^{-10}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_p/μ_N	$2.792\,847\,344\,63(82)$		2.9×10^{-10}
proton g -factor $2\mu_p/\mu_N$	g_p	$5.585\,694\,6893(16)$		2.9×10^{-10}
proton-neutron magnetic moment ratio	μ_p/μ_n	$-1.459\,898\,05(34)$		2.4×10^{-7}
shielded proton magnetic moment (H_2O , sphere, 25 °C)	μ'_p	$1.410\,570\,560(15) \times 10^{-26}$	J T^{-1}	1.1×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ'_p/μ_B	$1.520\,993\,128(17) \times 10^{-3}$		1.1×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ'_p/μ_N	$2.792\,775\,599(30)$		1.1×10^{-8}
proton magnetic shielding correction $1 - \mu'_p/\mu_p$ (H_2O , sphere, 25 °C)	σ'_p	$2.5689(11) \times 10^{-5}$		4.2×10^{-4}
proton gyromagnetic ratio $2\mu_p/\hbar$	γ_p	$2.675\,221\,8744(11) \times 10^8$ $42.577\,478\,518(18)$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$ MHz T^{-1}	4.2×10^{-10} 4.2×10^{-10}
shielded proton gyromagnetic ratio $2\mu'_p/\hbar$ (H_2O , sphere, 25 °C)	γ'_p	$2.675\,153\,151(29) \times 10^8$ $42.576\,384\,74(46)$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$ MHz T^{-1}	1.1×10^{-8} 1.1×10^{-8}
Neutron, n				
neutron mass	m_n	$1.674\,927\,498\,04(95) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	5.7×10^{-10}
		$1.008\,664\,915\,95(49)$	u	4.8×10^{-10}
energy equivalent	$m_n c^2$	$1.505\,349\,762\,87(86) \times 10^{-10}$ $939.565\,420\,52(54)$	J MeV	5.7×10^{-10} 5.7×10^{-10}
neutron-electron mass ratio	m_n/m_e	$1838.683\,661\,73(89)$		4.8×10^{-10}
neutron-muon mass ratio	m_n/m_μ	$8.892\,484\,06(20)$		2.2×10^{-8}
neutron-tau mass ratio	m_n/m_τ	$0.528\,779(36)$		6.8×10^{-5}
neutron-proton mass ratio	m_n/m_p	$1.001\,378\,419\,31(49)$		4.9×10^{-10}
neutron-proton mass difference	$m_n - m_p$	$2.305\,574\,35(82) \times 10^{-30}$ $1.388\,449\,33(49) \times 10^{-3}$	kg u	3.5×10^{-7} 3.5×10^{-7}
energy equivalent	$(m_n - m_p)c^2$	$2.072\,146\,89(74) \times 10^{-13}$ $1.293\,332\,36(46)$	J MeV	3.5×10^{-7} 3.5×10^{-7}
neutron molar mass $N_A m_n$	$M(n), M_n$	$1.008\,664\,915\,60(57) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol^{-1}	5.7×10^{-10}
reduced neutron Compton wavelength $\hbar/m_n c$	$\lambda_{C,n}$	$2.100\,194\,1552(12) \times 10^{-16}$	m	5.7×10^{-10}
neutron Compton wavelength	$\lambda_{C,n}$	$1.319\,590\,905\,81(75) \times 10^{-15}$	[m]*	5.7×10^{-10}
neutron magnetic moment	μ_n	$-9.662\,3651(23) \times 10^{-27}$	J T^{-1}	2.4×10^{-7}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_n/μ_B	$-1.041\,875\,63(25) \times 10^{-3}$		2.4×10^{-7}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_n/μ_N	$-1.913\,042\,73(45)$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron g -factor $2\mu_n/\mu_N$	g_n	$-3.826\,085\,45(90)$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron-electron magnetic moment ratio	μ_n/μ_e	$1.040\,668\,82(25) \times 10^{-3}$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_n/μ_p	$-0.684\,979\,34(16)$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron to shielded proton magnetic moment ratio (H_2O , sphere, 25 °C)	μ_n/μ'_p	$-0.684\,996\,94(16)$		2.4×10^{-7}
neutron gyromagnetic ratio $2 \mu_n /\hbar$	γ_n	$1.832\,471\,71(43) \times 10^8$ $29.164\,6931(69)$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$ MHz T^{-1}	2.4×10^{-7} 2.4×10^{-7}
Deuteron, d				
deuteron mass	m_d	$3.343\,583\,7724(10) \times 10^{-27}$ $2.013\,553\,212\,745(40)$	kg u	3.0×10^{-10} 2.0×10^{-11}
energy equivalent	$m_d c^2$	$3.005\,063\,231\,02(91) \times 10^{-10}$ $1875.612\,942\,57(57)$	J MeV	3.0×10^{-10} 3.0×10^{-10}
deuteron-electron mass ratio	m_d/m_e	$3670.482\,967\,88(13)$		3.5×10^{-11}

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deuteron-proton mass ratio	m_d/m_p	1.999 007 501 39(11)		5.6×10^{-11}
deuteron molar mass $N_A m_d$	$M(d), M_d$	$2.013\,553\,212\,05(61) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol^{-1}	3.0×10^{-10}
deuteron rms charge radius	r_d	$2.127\,99(74) \times 10^{-15}$	m	3.5×10^{-4}
deuteron magnetic moment	μ_d	$4.330\,735\,094(11) \times 10^{-27}$	J T^{-1}	2.6×10^{-9}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_d/μ_B	$4.669\,754\,570(12) \times 10^{-4}$		2.6×10^{-9}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_d/μ_N	0.857 438 2338(22)		2.6×10^{-9}
deuteron g -factor μ_d/μ_N	g_d	0.857 438 2338(22)		2.6×10^{-9}
deuteron-electron magnetic moment ratio	μ_d/μ_e	$-4.664\,345\,551(12) \times 10^{-4}$		2.6×10^{-9}
deuteron-proton magnetic moment ratio	μ_d/μ_p	0.307 012 209 39(79)		2.6×10^{-9}
deuteron-neutron magnetic moment ratio	μ_d/μ_n	-0.448 206 53(11)		2.4×10^{-7}
Triton, t				
triton mass	m_t	$5.007\,356\,7446(15) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	3.0×10^{-10}
		3.015 500 716 21(12)	u	4.0×10^{-11}
energy equivalent	$m_t c^2$	$4.500\,387\,8060(14) \times 10^{-10}$	J	3.0×10^{-10}
		2808.921 132 98(85)	MeV	3.0×10^{-10}
triton-electron mass ratio	m_t/m_e	5496.921 535 73(27)		5.0×10^{-11}
triton-proton mass ratio	m_t/m_p	2.993 717 034 14(15)		5.0×10^{-11}
triton molar mass $N_A m_t$	$M(t), M_t$	$3.015\,500\,715\,17(92) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol^{-1}	3.0×10^{-10}
triton magnetic moment	μ_t	$1.504\,609\,5202(30) \times 10^{-26}$	J T^{-1}	2.0×10^{-9}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_t/μ_B	$1.622\,393\,6651(32) \times 10^{-3}$		2.0×10^{-9}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_t/μ_N	2.978 962 4656(59)		2.0×10^{-9}
triton g -factor $2\mu_t/\mu_N$	g_t	5.957 924 931(12)		2.0×10^{-9}
Helion, h				
helion mass	m_h	$5.006\,412\,7796(15) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	3.0×10^{-10}
		3.014 932 247 175(97)	u	3.2×10^{-11}
energy equivalent	$m_h c^2$	$4.499\,539\,4125(14) \times 10^{-10}$	J	3.0×10^{-10}
		2808.391 607 43(85)	MeV	3.0×10^{-10}
helion-electron mass ratio	m_h/m_e	5495.885 280 07(24)		4.3×10^{-11}
helion-proton mass ratio	m_h/m_p	2.993 152 671 67(13)		4.4×10^{-11}
helion molar mass $N_A m_h$	$M(h), M_h$	$3.014\,932\,246\,13(91) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol^{-1}	3.0×10^{-10}
helion magnetic moment	μ_h	$-1.074\,617\,532(13) \times 10^{-26}$	J T^{-1}	1.2×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ_h/μ_B	$-1.158\,740\,958(14) \times 10^{-3}$		1.2×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ_h/μ_N	-2.127 625 307(25)		1.2×10^{-8}
helion g -factor $2\mu_h/\mu_N$	g_h	-4.255 250 615(50)		1.2×10^{-8}
shielded helion magnetic moment (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	μ'_h	$-1.074\,553\,090(13) \times 10^{-26}$	J T^{-1}	1.2×10^{-8}
to Bohr magneton ratio	μ'_h/μ_B	$-1.158\,671\,471(14) \times 10^{-3}$		1.2×10^{-8}
to nuclear magneton ratio	μ'_h/μ_N	-2.127 497 719(25)		1.2×10^{-8}
shielded helion to proton magnetic moment ratio (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	μ'_h/μ_p	-0.761 766 5618(89)		1.2×10^{-8}
shielded helion to shielded proton magnetic moment ratio (gas/H ₂ O, spheres, 25 °C)	μ'_h/μ'_p	-0.761 786 1313(33)		4.3×10^{-9}
shielded helion gyromagnetic ratio $2 \mu'_h /\hbar$ (gas, sphere, 25 °C)	γ'_h	$2.037\,894\,569(24) \times 10^8$	$\text{s}^{-1} \text{T}^{-1}$	1.2×10^{-8}
		32.434 099 42(38)	MHz T ⁻¹	1.2×10^{-8}
Alpha particle, α				
alpha particle mass	m_α	$6.644\,657\,3357(20) \times 10^{-27}$	kg	3.0×10^{-10}
		4.001 506 179 127(63)	u	1.6×10^{-11}

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energy equivalent	$m_\alpha c^2$	$5.971\,920\,1914(18) \times 10^{-10}$	J	3.0×10^{-10}
		3727.379 4066(11)	MeV	3.0×10^{-10}
alpha particle to electron mass ratio	m_α/m_e	7294.299 541 42(24)		3.3×10^{-11}
alpha particle to proton mass ratio	m_α/m_p	3.972 599 690 09(22)		5.5×10^{-11}
alpha particle molar mass $N_A m_\alpha$	$M(\alpha), M_\alpha$	$4.001\,506\,1777(12) \times 10^{-3}$	kg mol ⁻¹	3.0×10^{-10}

* The full description of m^{-1} is cycles or periods per meter and that of m is meter per cycle (m/cycle). The scientific community is aware of the implied use of these units. It traces back to the conventions for phase and angle and the use of unit Hz versus cycles/s. No solution has been agreed upon.

† Value recommended by the Particle Data Group (Tanabashi, *et al.*, 2018).

‡ Based on the ratio of the masses of the W and Z bosons m_W/m_Z recommended by the Particle Data Group (Tanabashi, *et al.*, 2018). The value for $\sin^2\theta_W$ they recommend, which is based on a variant of the modified minimal subtraction ($\overline{\text{MS}}$) scheme, is $\sin^2\hat{\theta}_W(M_Z) = 0.231\,22(4)$.

§ This and other constants involving m_τ are based on $m_\tau c^2$ in MeV recommended by the Particle Data Group (Tanabashi, *et al.*, 2018).