

Storage-ring measurements of hyperfine-induced and two-photon transition rates in berylliumlike ions

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Outline

1. Motivation

- hyperfine quenching of $ns\ np\ ^3P_0$ states in divalent atoms and ions
- theoretical and experimental results
- some applications

2. Experiments at heavy-ion storage rings

- lifetime measurements
- electron-ion recombination

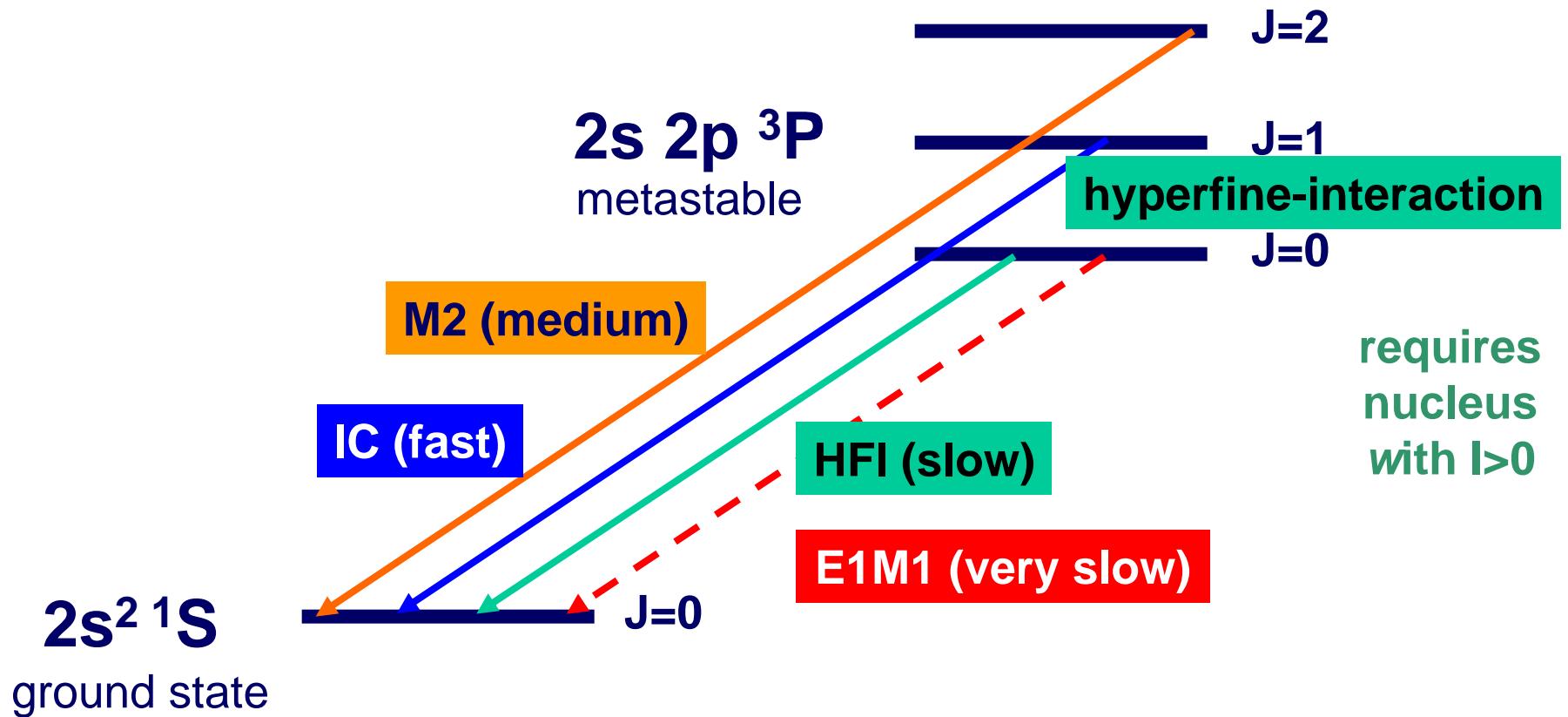
3. Hyperfine induced $^3P_0 \rightarrow ^1S_0$ transition rate

- results for $^{47}\text{Ti}^{18+}$
- results for $^{33}\text{S}^{12+}$

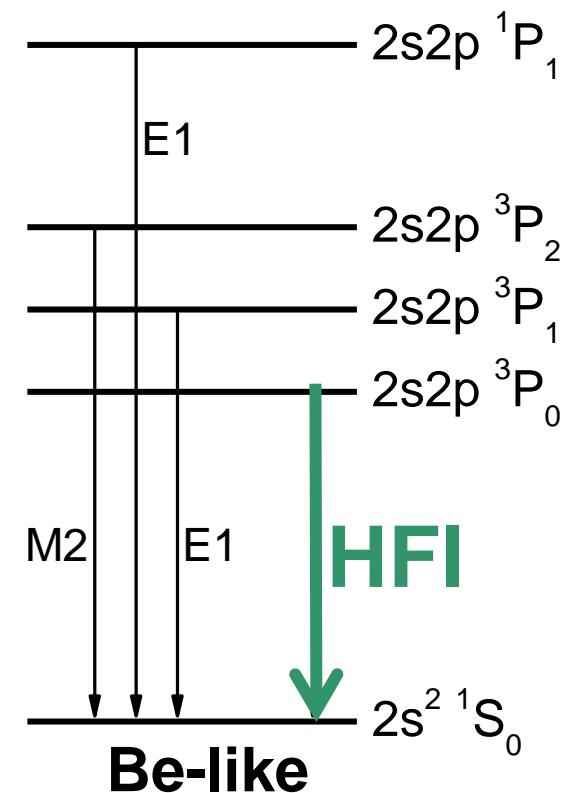
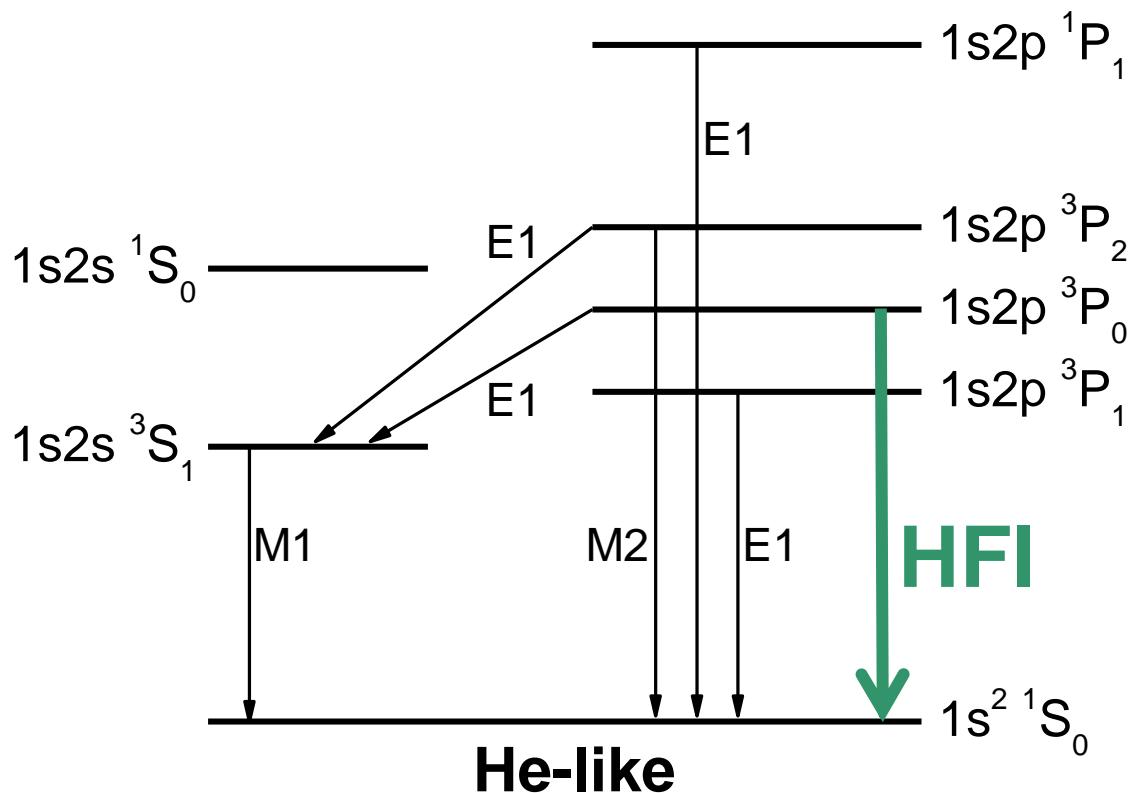
4. E1M1 two-photon $^3P_0 \rightarrow ^1S_0$ transition rate

- results for $^{136}\text{Xe}^{50+}$

$2s2p\ ^3P - 2s^2\ ^1S$ transitions in Be-like ions

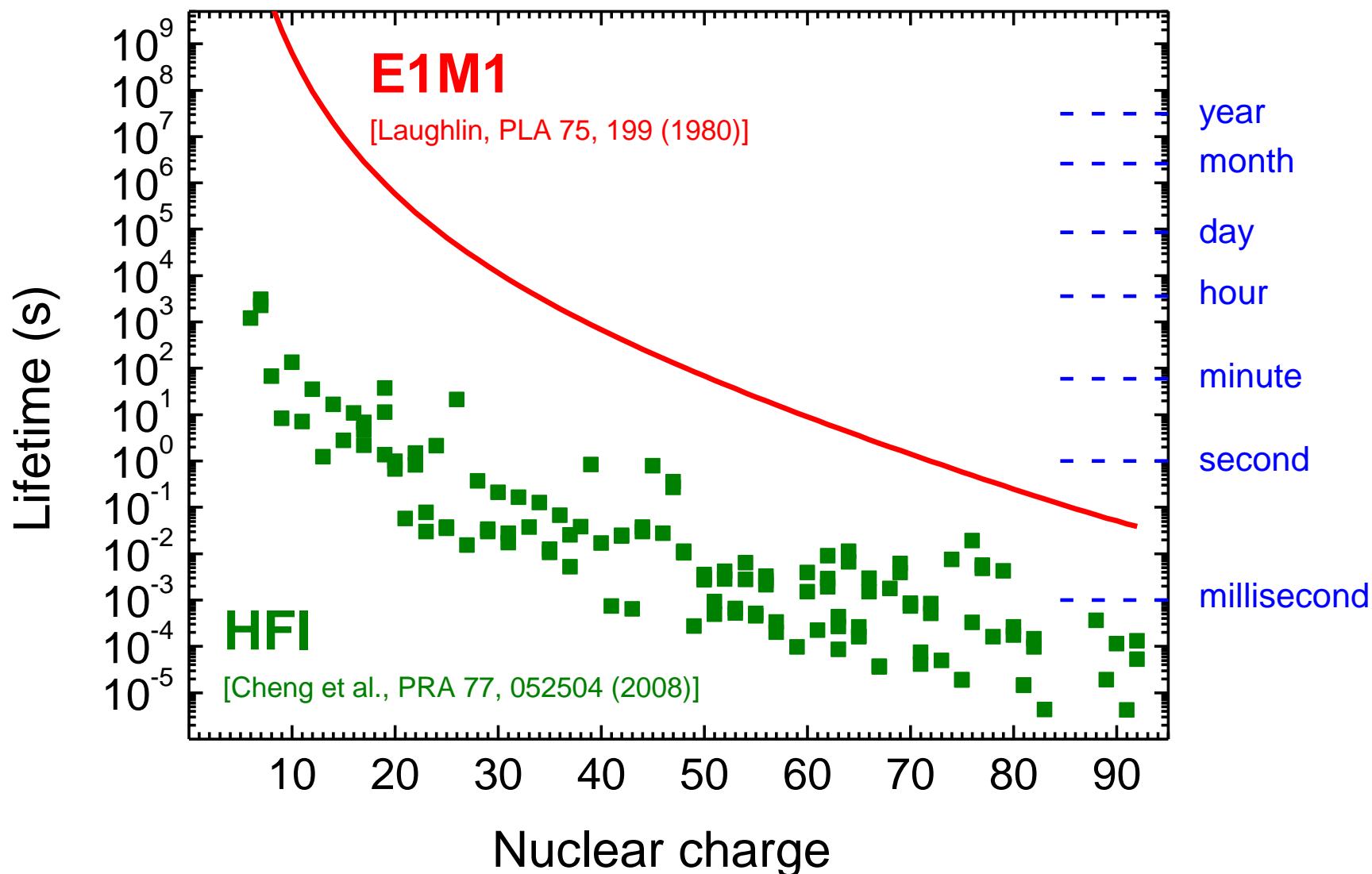


He-like vs. Be-like ions



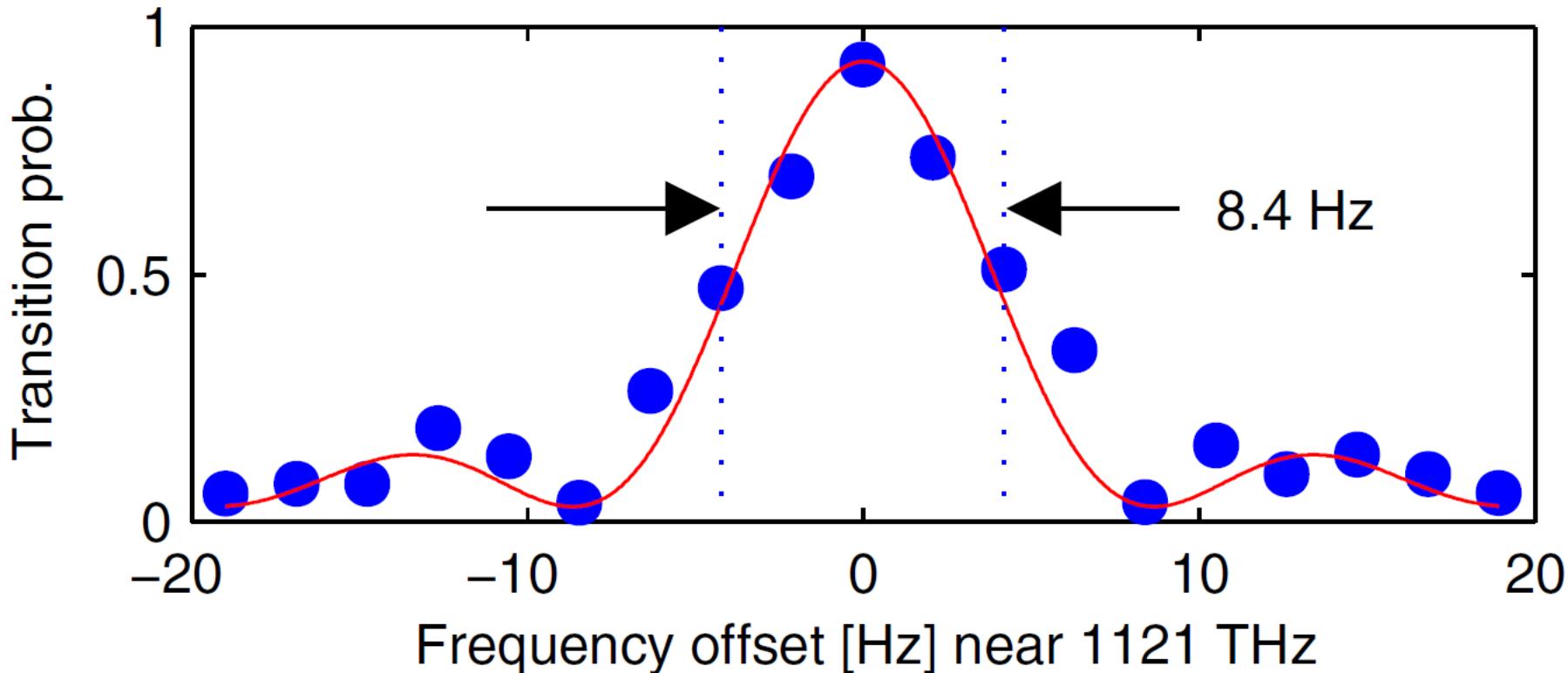
Review: W. Johnson, Can. J. Phys. **89** (2011) 429

Theoretical predictions of $2s2p\ ^3P_0$ lifetimes



Ultraprecise optical clocks

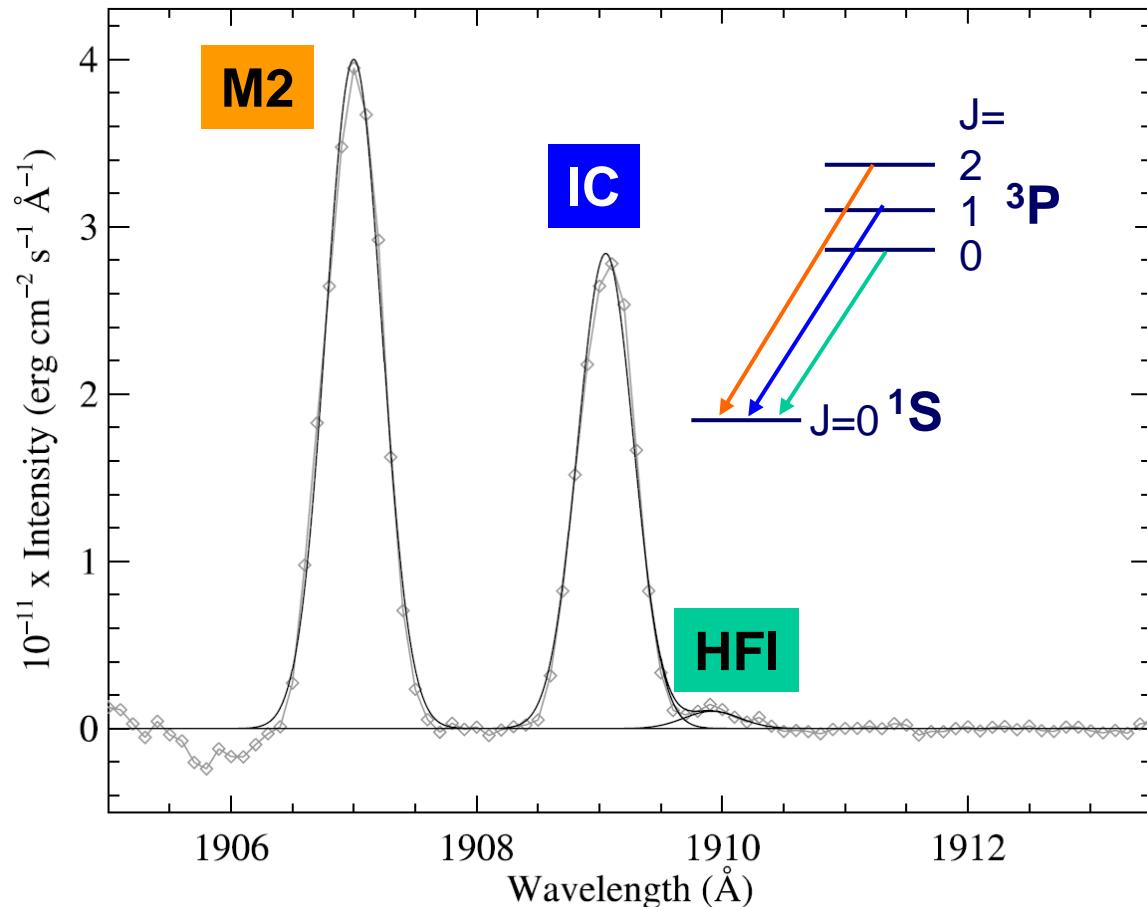
Al⁺ clock transition: $3s\ 3p\ ^3P_0 \rightarrow 3s^2\ ^1S_0$



T. Rosenband et al., PRL 98 (2007) 220801

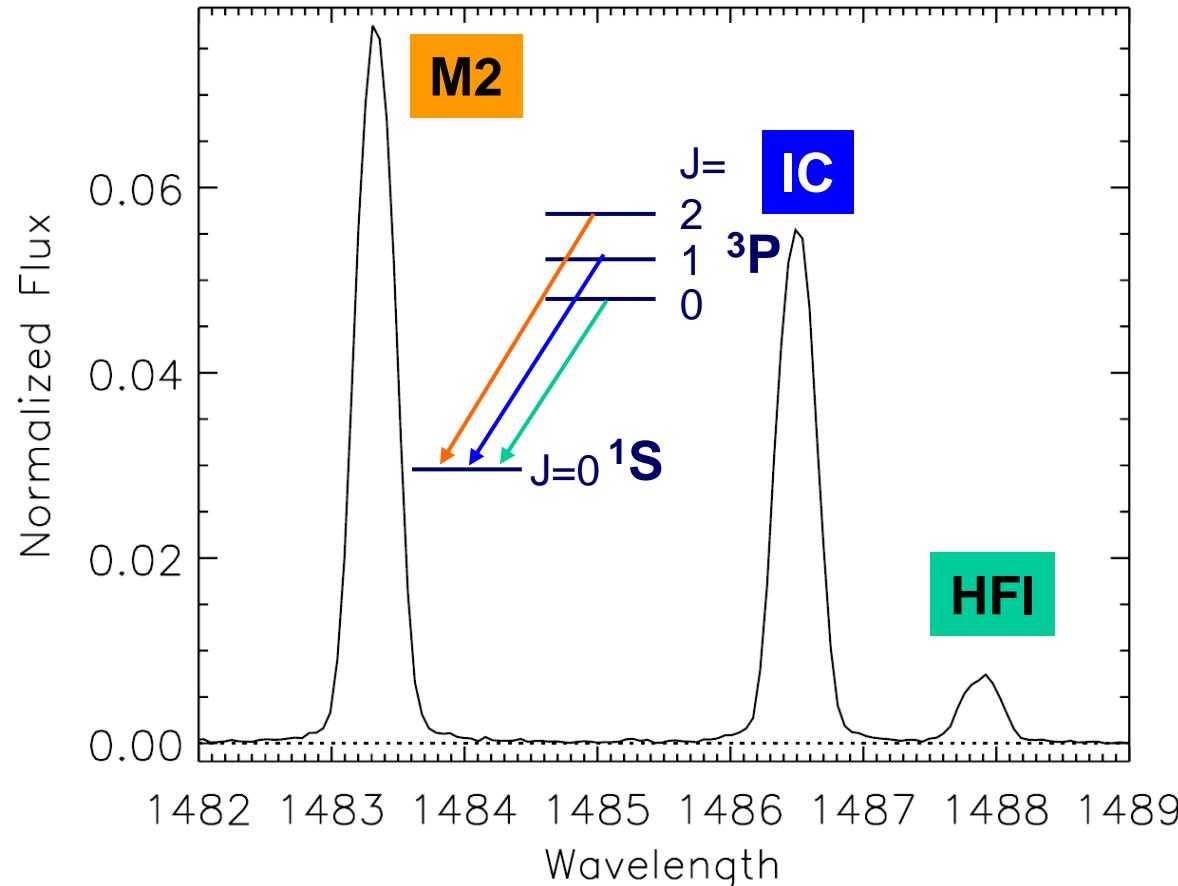
$^{13}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C}$ abundance ratio in planetary nebulae

shedding light on stellar nucleosynthesis



„Experimental“ HFI lifetime from a planetary nebula

*beryllium-like nitrogen
in the planetary nebula NGC 3918*



isotope A=14
rel. abundance 99.63%
nuclear spin I=1

$2s2p\ ^3P_0$ lifetime:
from astrophysical
observation and modeling:

2500 ± 800 s

theory:

Brage et al. 2033 s

Marques et al. 7806 s

The challenge

measurement of an extremely long lifetime

prediction for the $^{47}\text{Ti}^{18+}(2\text{s}2\text{p } ^3\text{P}_0)$ state: $\tau = 2.8 \text{ s}$

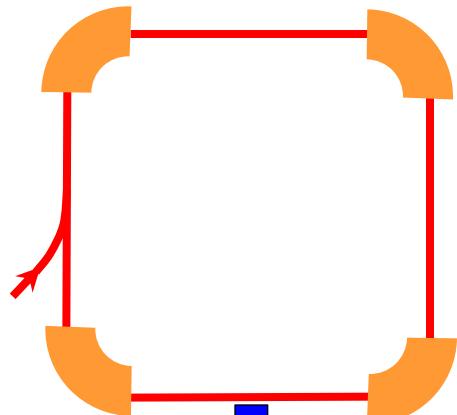
theory by Marques et al., PRA 47 (1993) 929

**needs well defined environment
without significant disturbance
of the long-lived state**

The Heidelberg TSR storage ring at MPIK



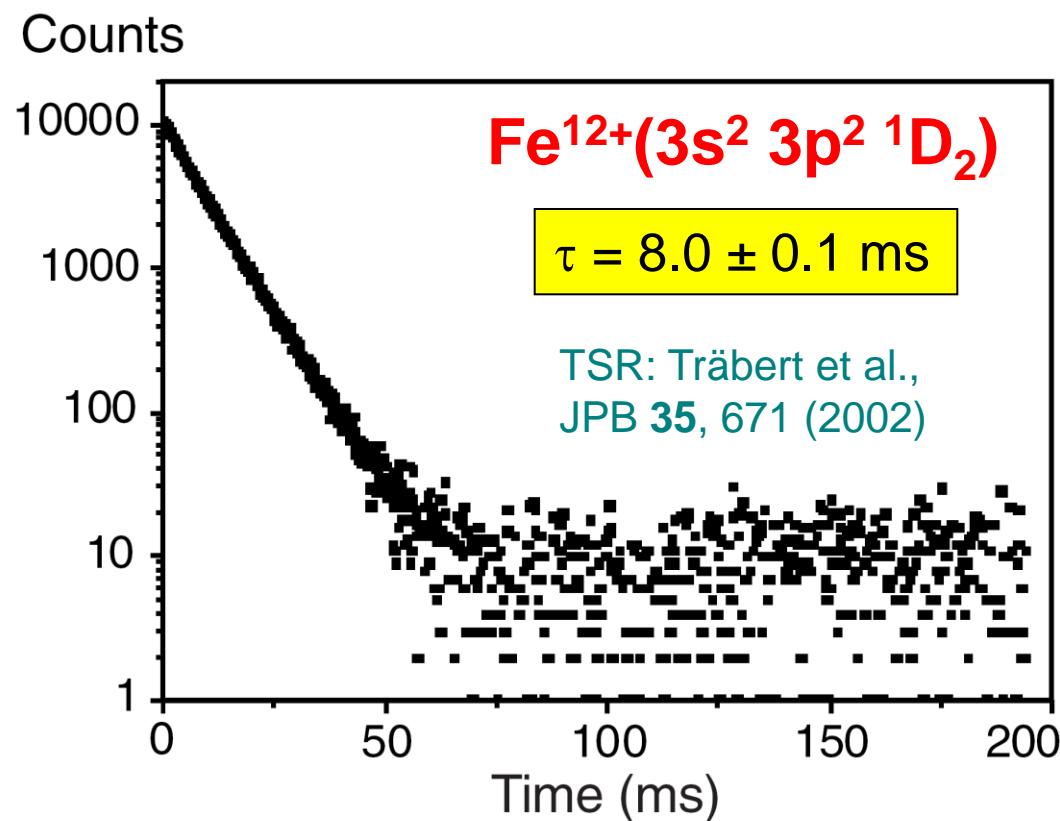
Decay of excited states



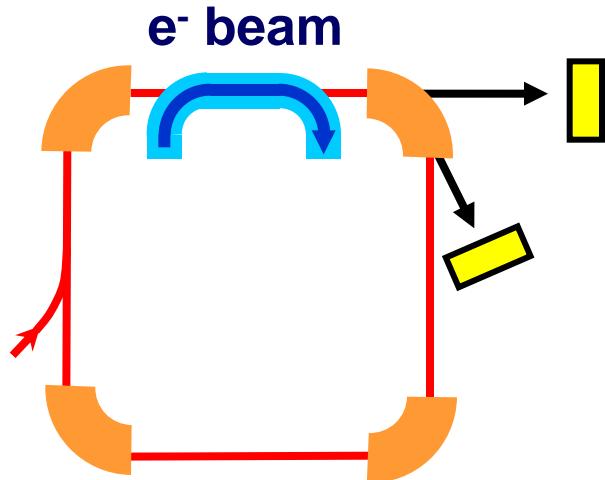
PM

Most photons
miss
the detector!

Injection of ions in metastable states



Electron-ion recombination experiments



Reaction products

- beams of high directionality
- high particle energies in lab frame

100% detection efficiency

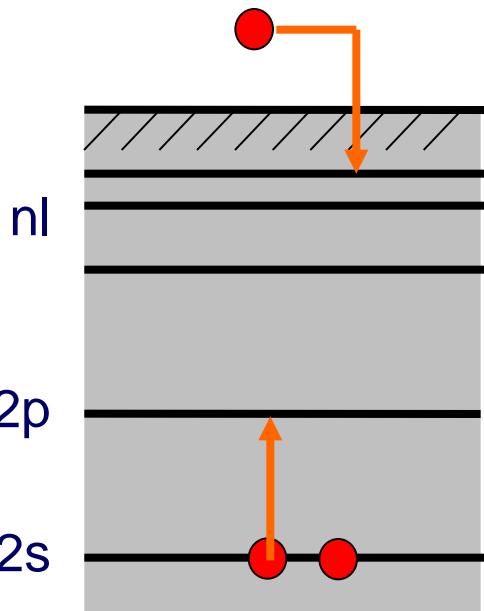
collision experiments with dilute ensembles of particles

tunable relative energy: sub meV to sub MeV

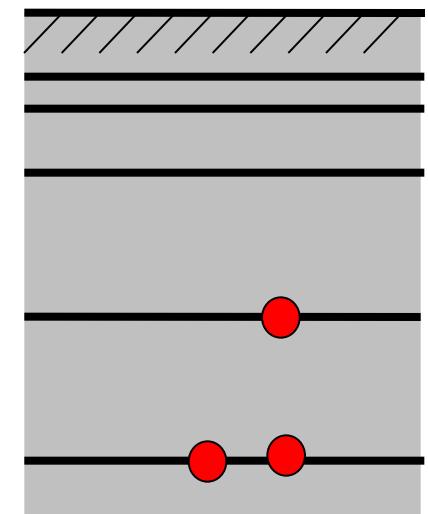
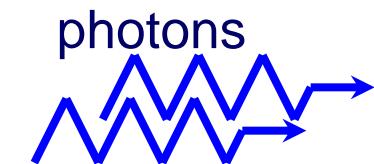
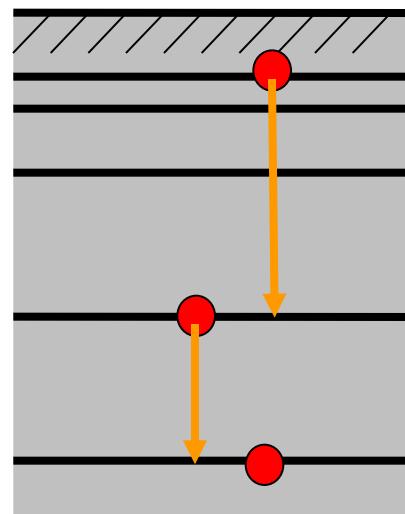
Dielectronic recombination (DR)

- viewed as a two-step process -

dielectronic capture (DC)



radiative stabilization



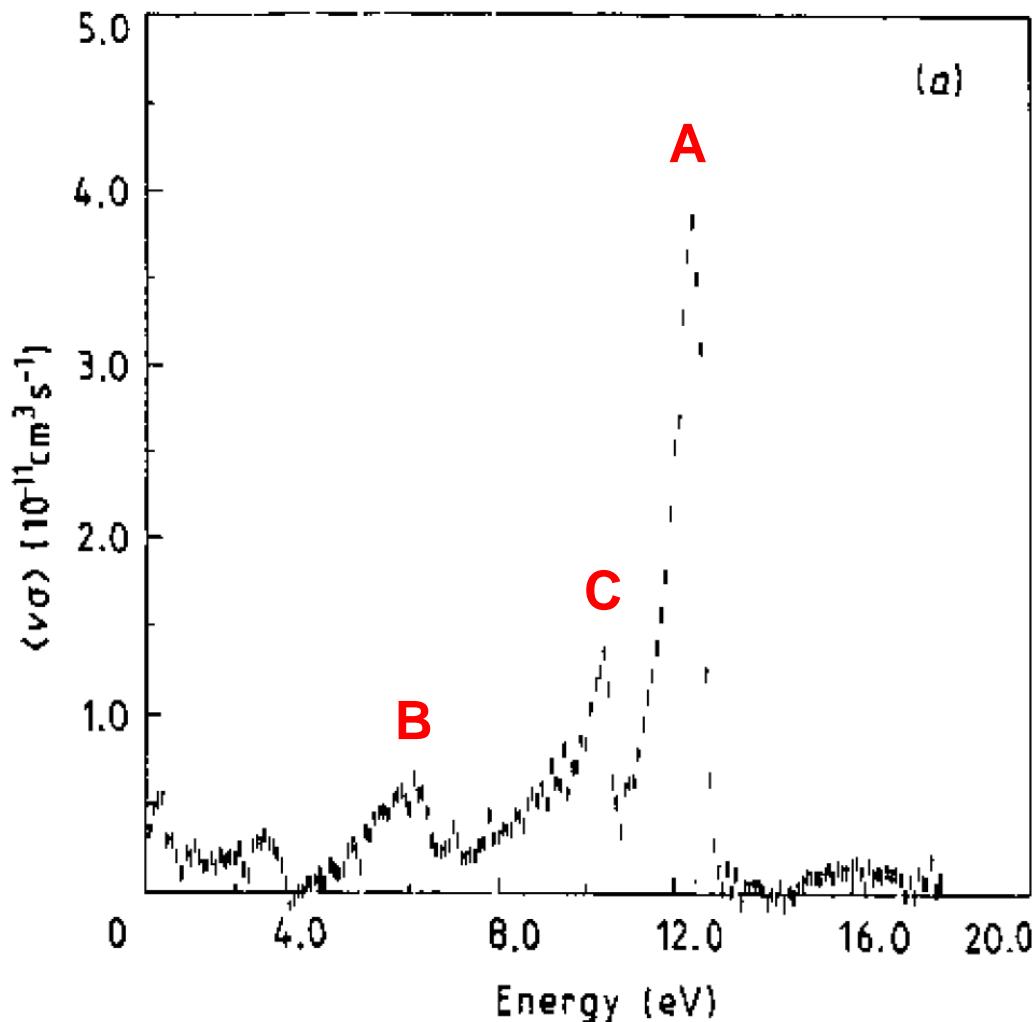
Measuring the 3P_0 lifetime using DR as a tool

Idea:

- stored Be-like ion beam contains a 3P_0 fraction,
if 3P_0 lifetime is sufficiently long ($> 1\text{ms}$)
- 2s 2p 3P_0 excitation produces distinct
DR (e.g. $2p^2\text{ nl}$) resonances
- measure the „apparent“ DR resonance strength
as a function of storage time
- deduce 3P_0 lifetime

DR of Be-like C²⁺

- single-pass merged-beams experiment -



mixture
of 75% $2s\ 2p\ ^3P$
and 25% $2s^2\ ^1S$
in the ion beam

Resonances of the types

A: $2s^2\ ^1S \rightarrow 2s\ 2p\ ^1P\ n l$

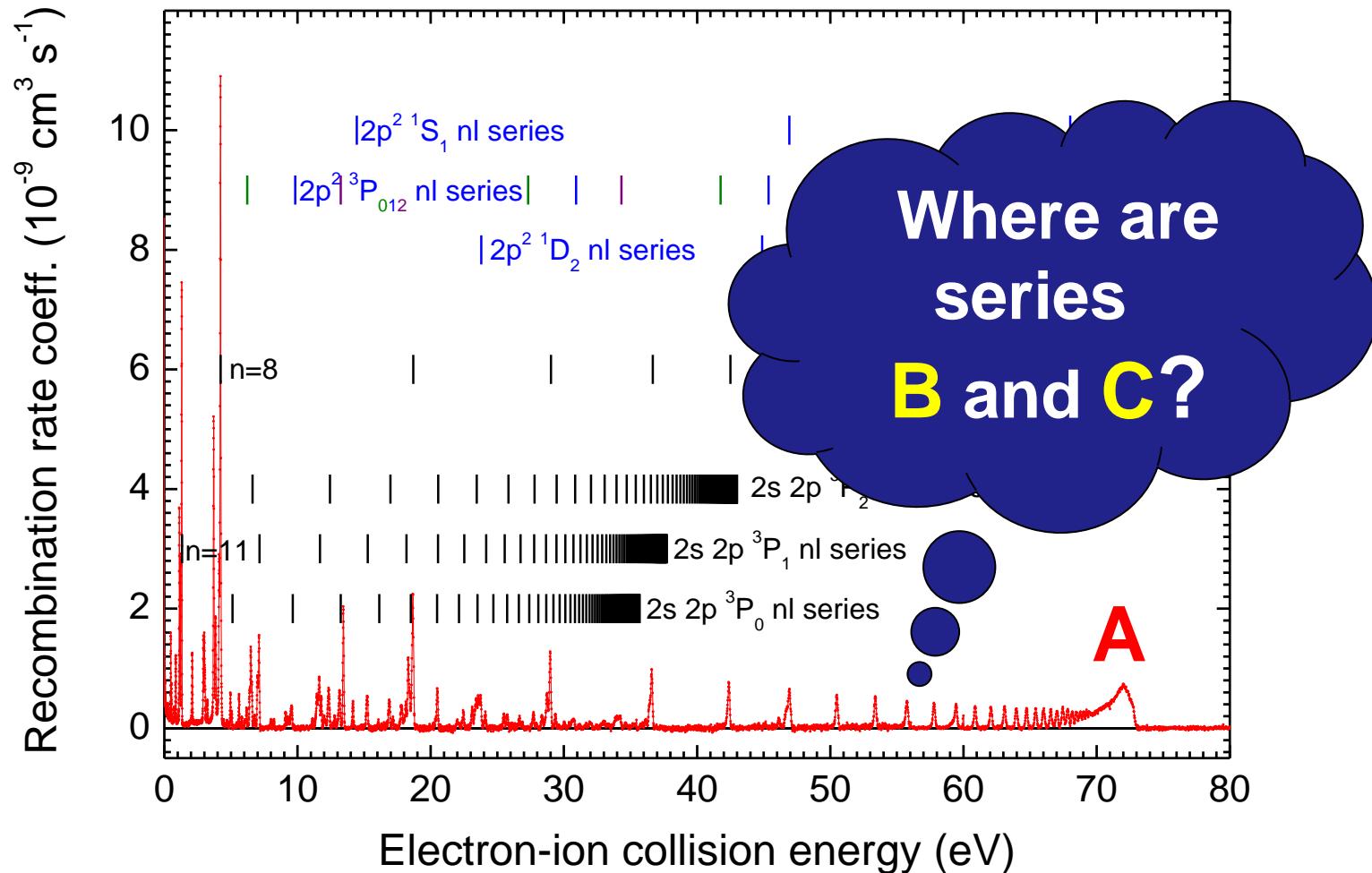
B: $2s\ 2p\ ^3P \rightarrow 2s\ 2p\ ^1P\ n l$

C: $2s\ 2p\ ^3P \rightarrow 2p^2\ ^3P\ n l$

N. R. Badnell et al., J. Phys. B 24 (1991) 4441

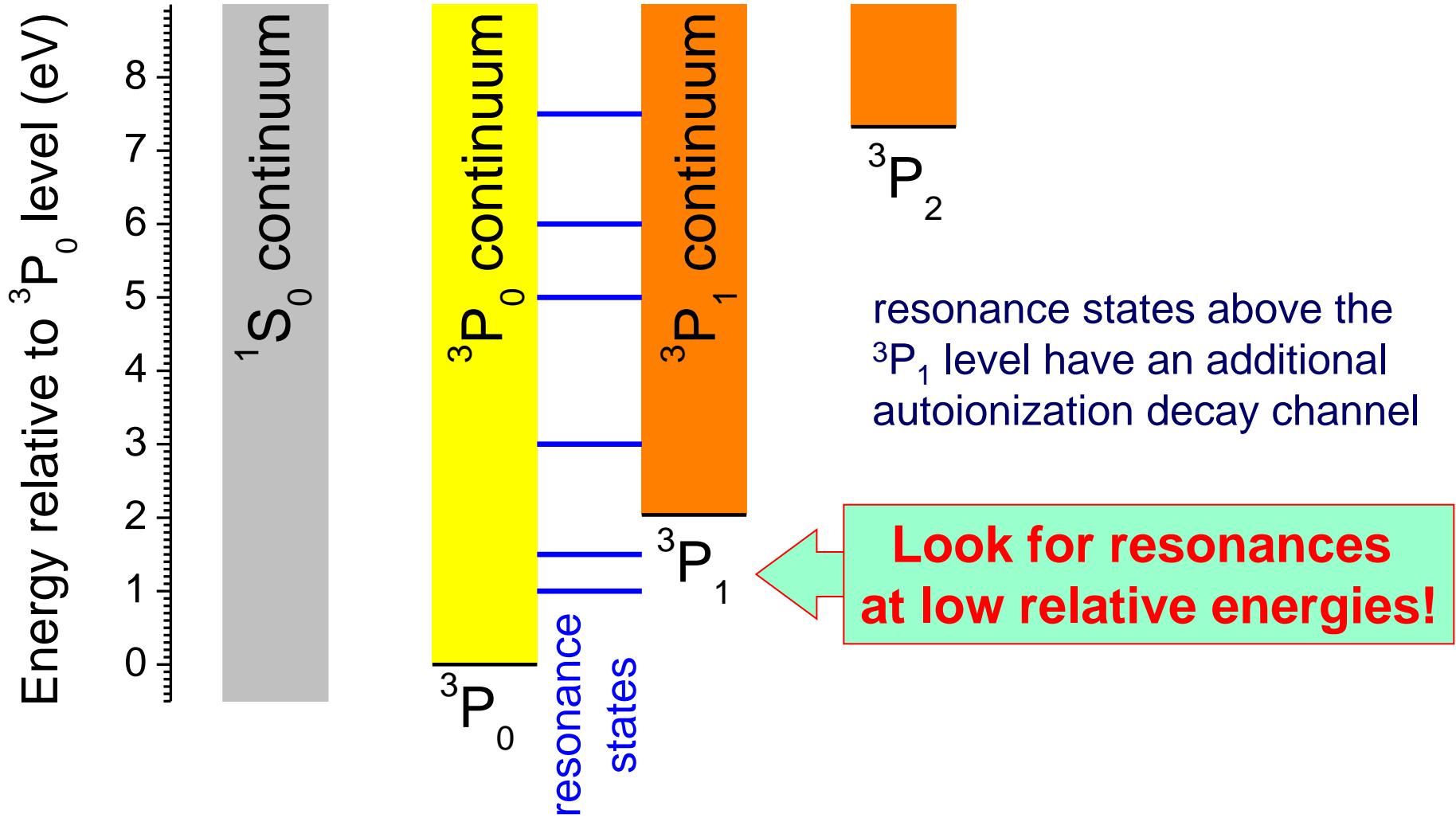
Stefan Schippers, ICAMDATA 8, Gaithersburg, September 30 - October 4, 2012

DR spectrum of Be-like $^{48}\text{Ti}^{18+}$

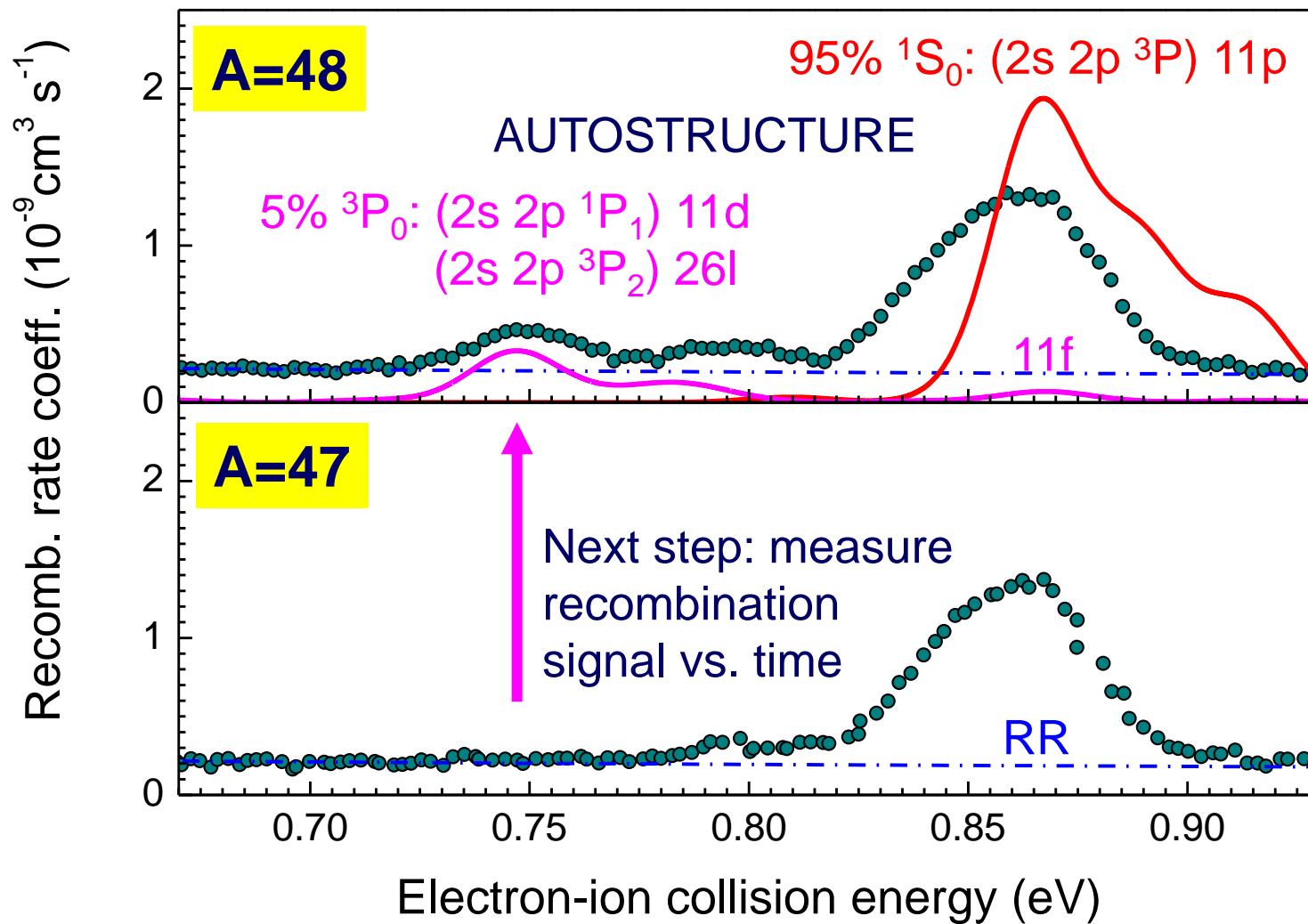


S. Schippers et al., JPCS 58 (2007) 137

Why are 3P_0 resonances missing?

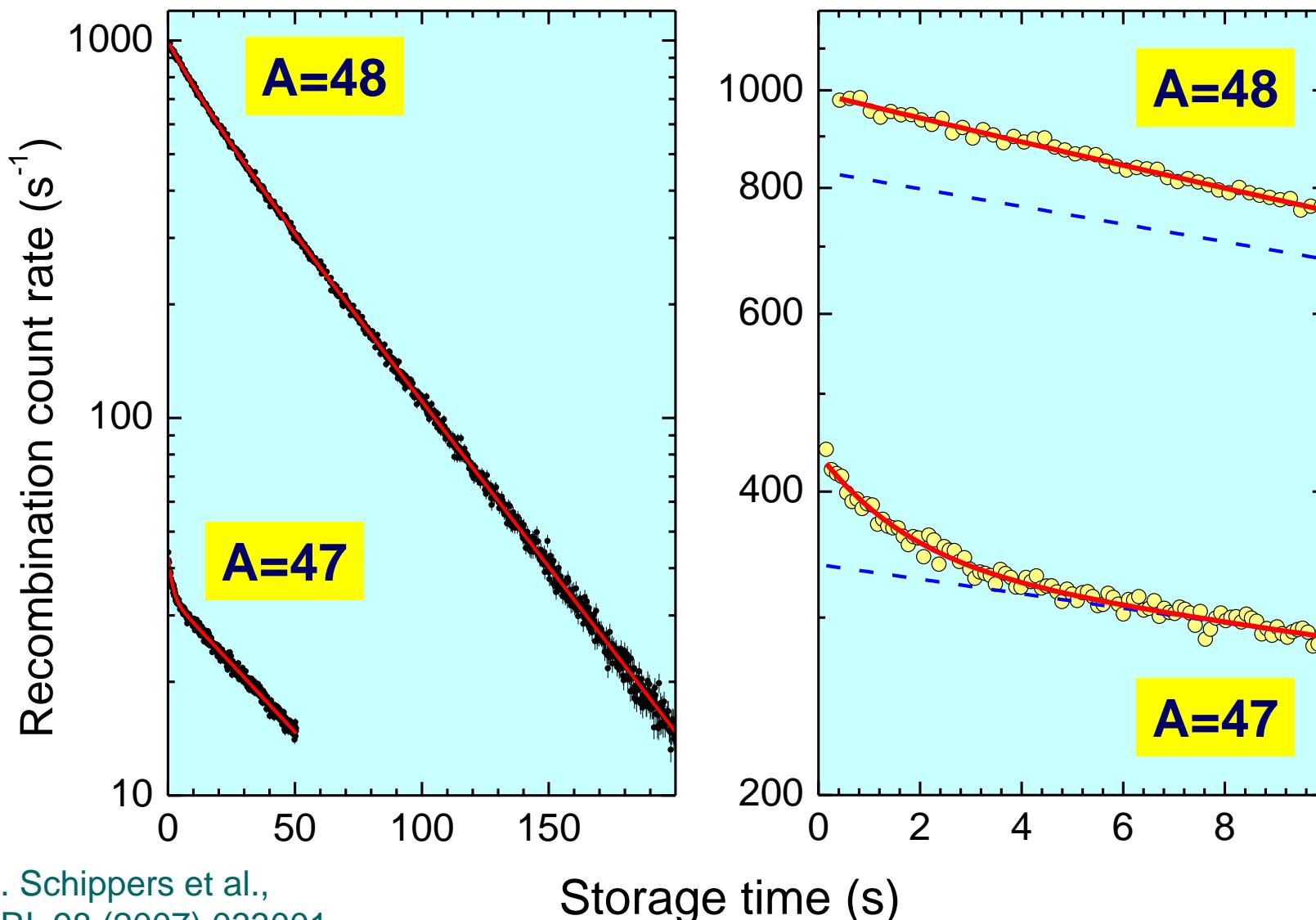


Ti¹⁸⁺ DR spectrum at low energies



S. Schippers et al., JPCS 58 (2007) 137

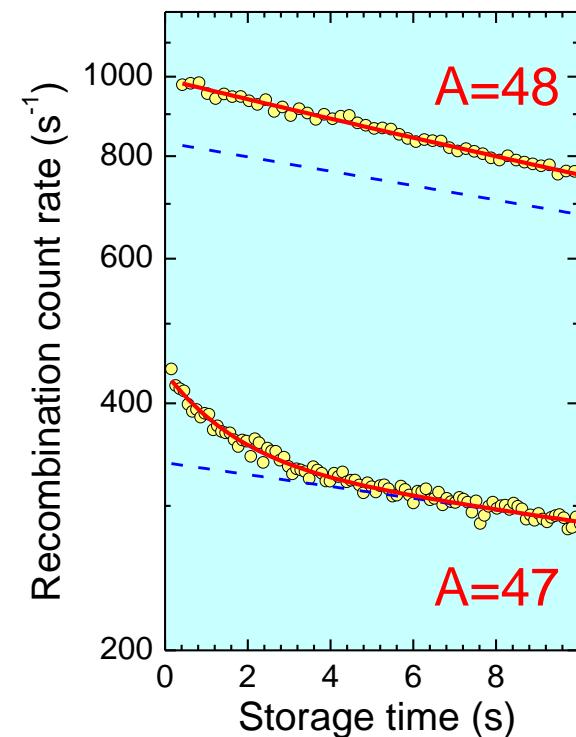
Recombination signal at 0.75 eV vs. time



S. Schippers et al.,
PRL 98 (2007) 033001

Storage time (s)

Data analysis



essential feature of the method
usage of two isotopes

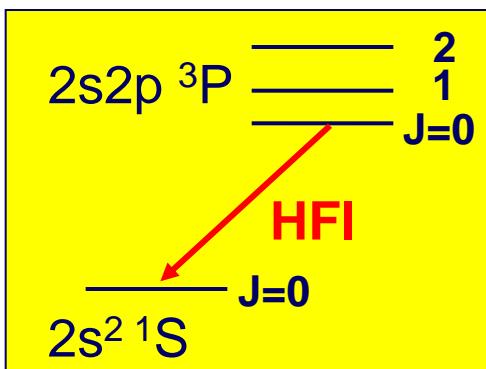
Fit: $F^{(A)}(t) = c_m^{(A)} e^{-\lambda_m^{(A)} t} + c_g^{(A)} e^{-\lambda_g^{(A)} t}$

$m = {}^3P_0$
 $g = {}^1S_0$

isotope	$\lambda_m^{(A)} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}$	$\lambda_g^{(A)} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}$	$c_m^{(A)} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}$	$c_g^{(A)} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}$
$A = 48$	0.070(2)	0.0202(5)	161(35)	831(48)
$A = 47$	0.62(3)	0.01665(6)	9.8(3)	33.86(6)



largest contribution to the experimental uncertainty



$$A_{\text{HFI}} = \gamma^{(47)} [\lambda_m^{(47)} - \lambda_g^{(47)} - \lambda_m^{(48)} + \lambda_g^{(48)}]$$

$$\mathbf{{}^{47}\text{Ti}^{18+}: A_{\text{HFI}} = 0.56(3) \text{ s}^{-1}}$$

Theoretical and experimental 2s2p 3P_0 HFI lifetimes

Ti¹⁸⁺ values

1993 theory: **2.812 s**
2007 experiment: **1.8(1) s**
2008 theory: **1.487 s**
2009 theory: **1.476 s**
2010 theory: **1.51 s**

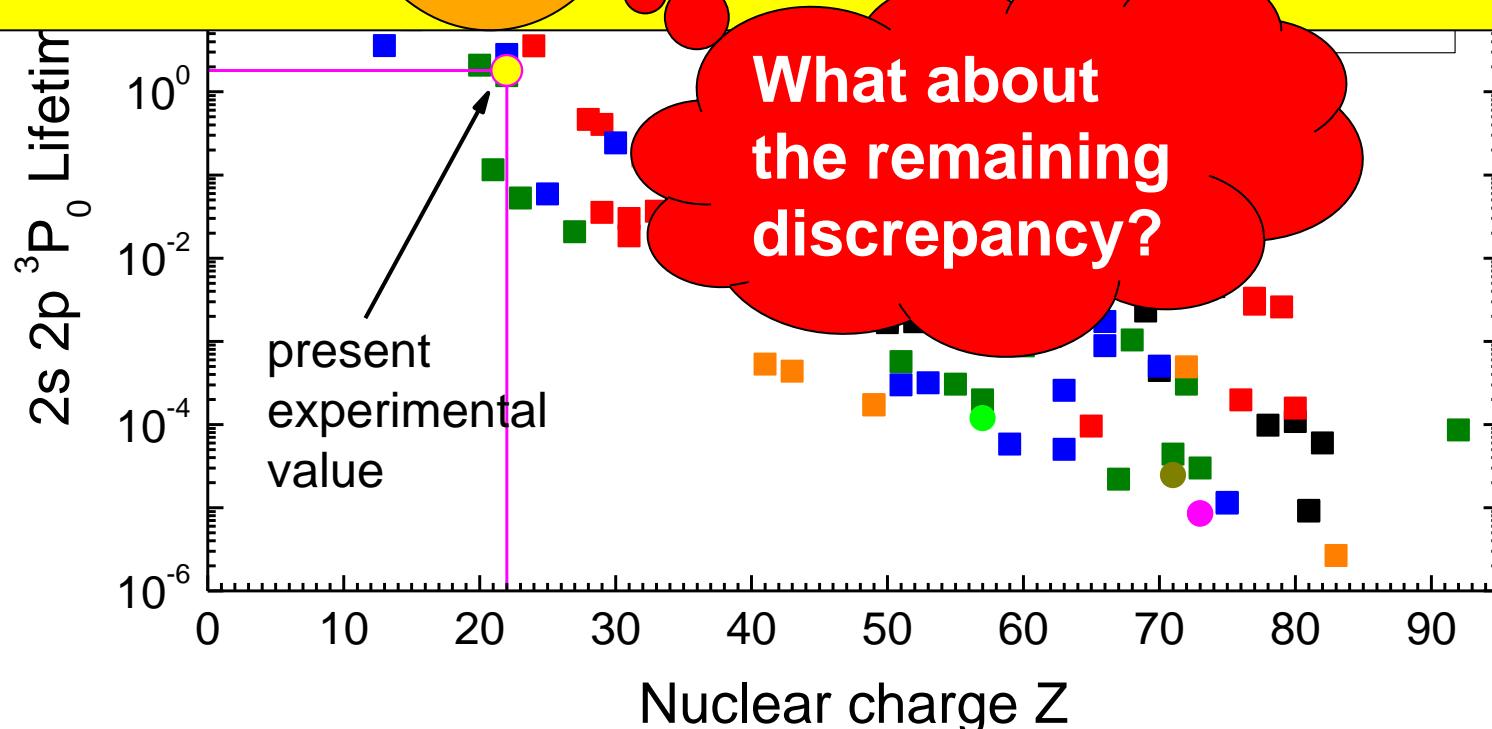
Marques et al. PRA 47 (1993) 929

Schippers et al., PRL 98 (2007) 033001

Cheng et al., PRA 77 (2008) 052504

Andersson et al., PRA 79 (2009) 032501

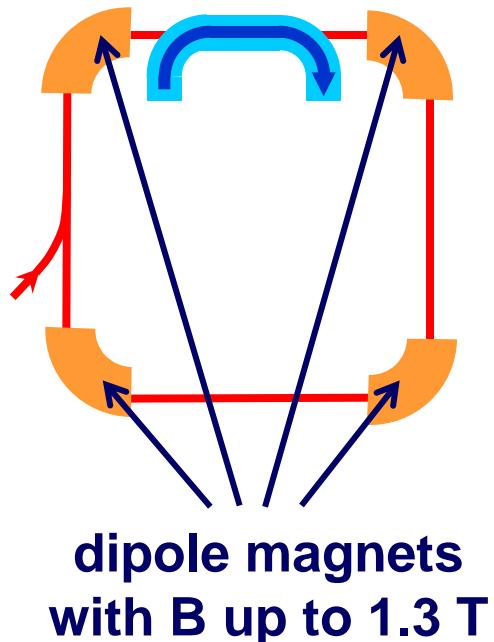
Li & Dong, Plas. Sci. Technol. 79 (2010) 032501



J. P. Marques, F. Parente & P. Indelicato, PRA 47 (1993) 929

Stefan Schippers, ICAMDATA 8, Gaithersburg, September 30 - October 4, 2012

Influence of external fields



B-field

Zeeman effect: τ_{HFI} becomes m_F dependent
effect too weak to explain discrepancies

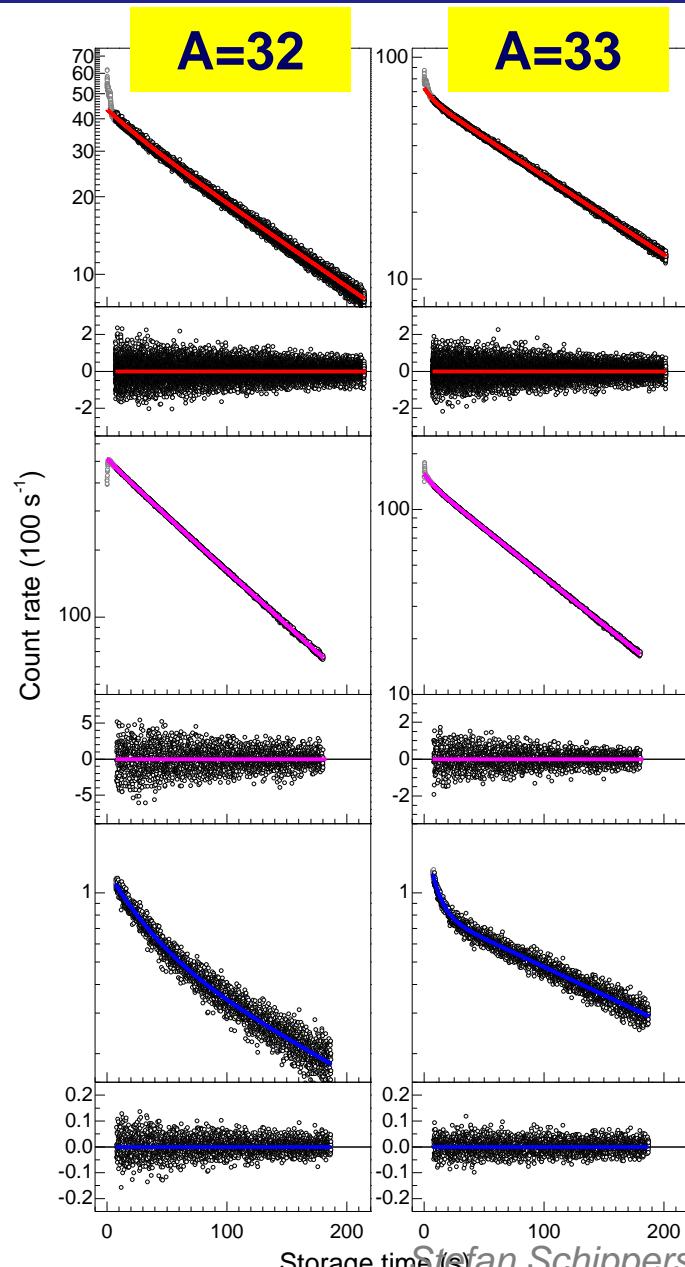
Li et al., Phys. Lett. A 375 (2011) 914

E-field (via $v \times B$)

Stark mixing of 3P_0 and 3P_1 levels:
effect much too weak to explain discrepancies

Maul et al., J. Phys. B 31 (1998) 2725

New measurements with Be-like $^A\text{S}^{12+}$ ions



$$\mathbf{B = 0.44 \text{ T}}$$
$$\tau_{\text{HFI}} = 10.5(7) \text{ s}$$

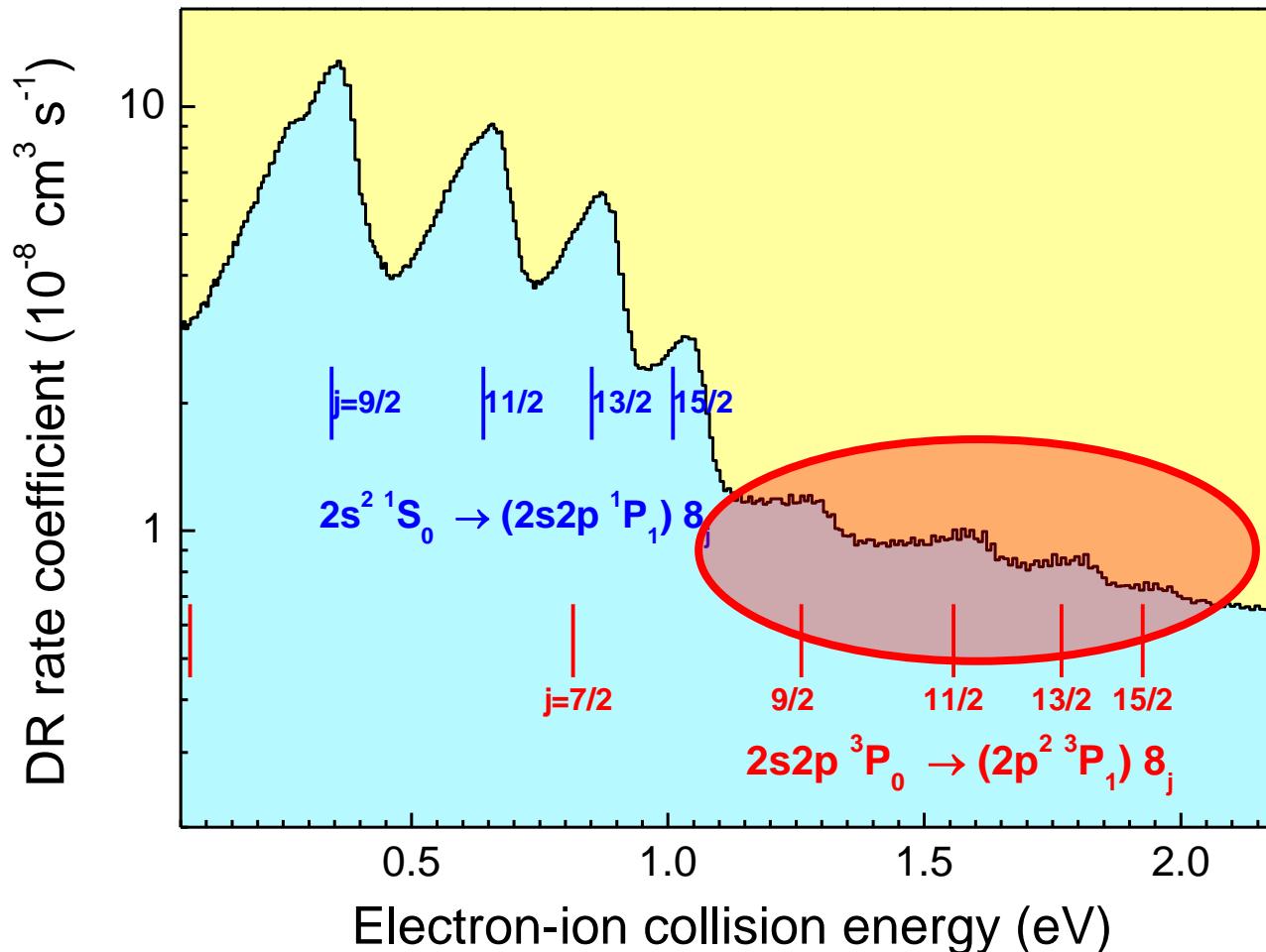
S^{12+} values

theory:	27.69 s	Marques et al. (1993)
theory:	10.73 s	Cheng et al. (2008)
theory:	10.69 s	Andersson et al. (2009)
experiment:	10.4(5) s	TSR (2011)

$$\mathbf{B = 0.88 \text{ T}}$$
$$\tau_{\text{HFI}} = 10.2(7) \text{ s}$$

S. Schippers et al., PRA 85 (2012) 012513

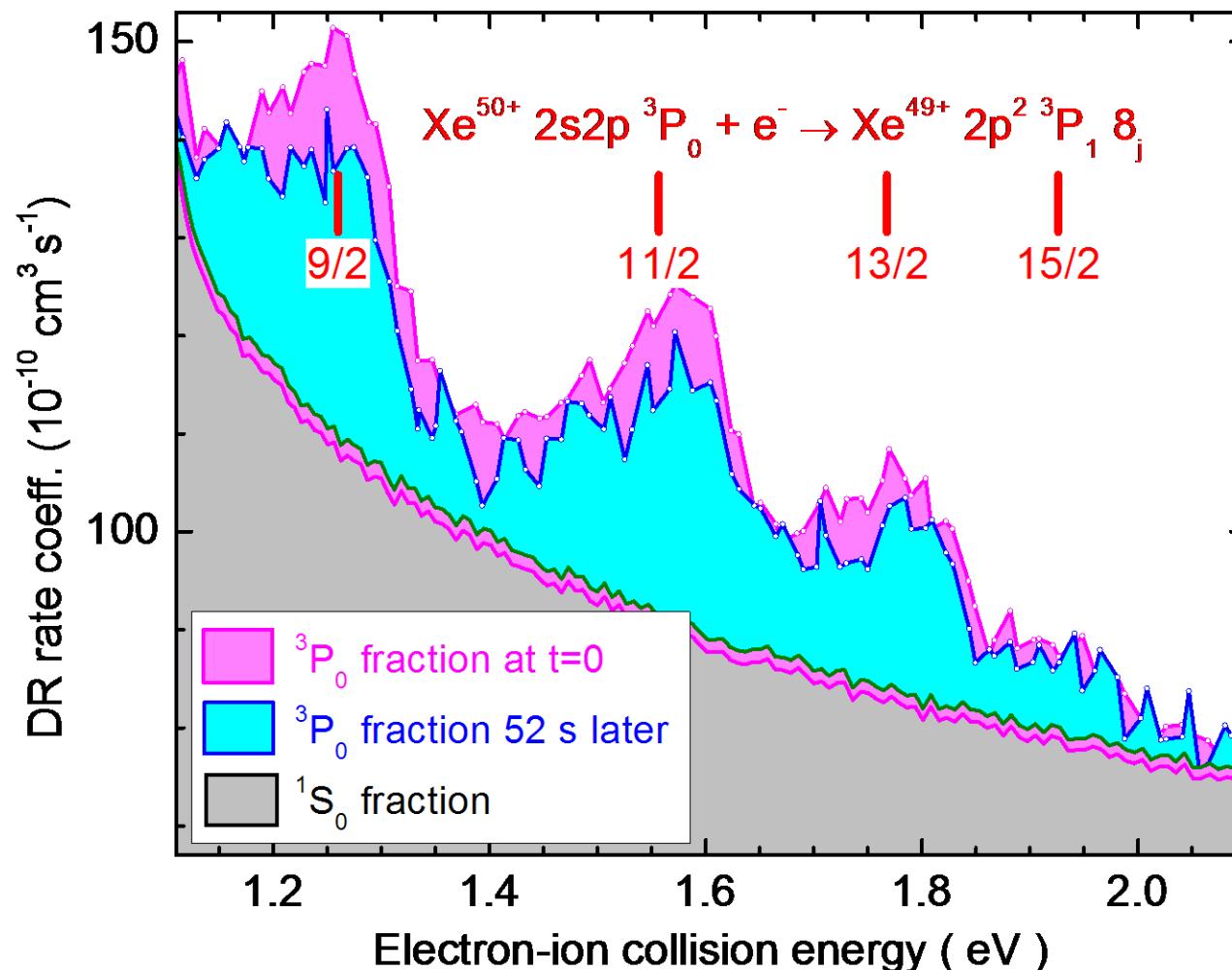
DR of Be-like $^{132}\text{Xe}^{50+}$



D. Bernhardt et al., in preparation

Time dependence of 3P_0 DR resonance strength

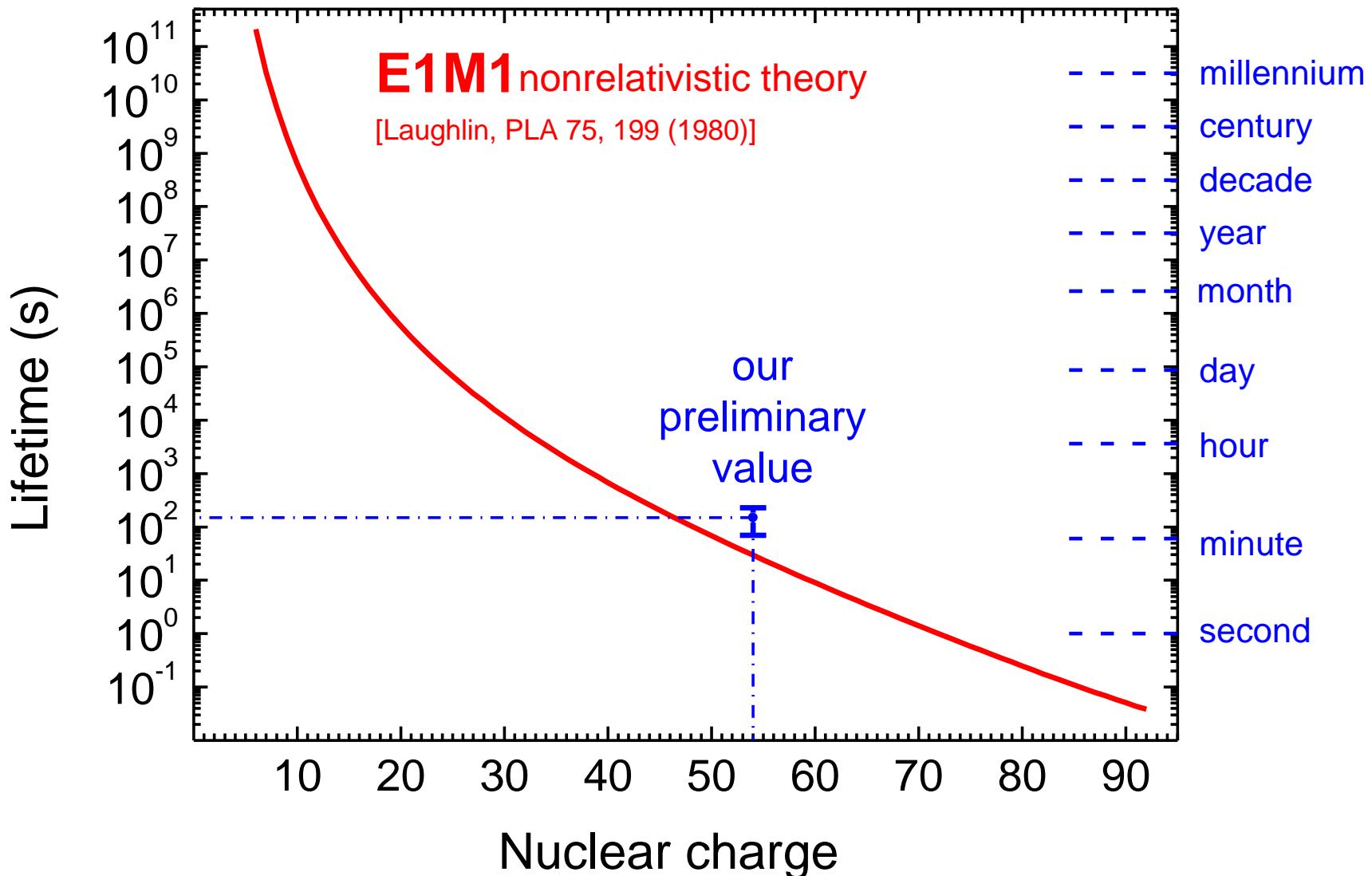
Measurement of the E1M1 two-photon transition rate should be feasible



D. Bernhardt et al., JPCS (in print)

Stefan Schippers, ICAMDATA 8, Gaithersburg, September 30 - October 4, 2012

Comparison with theory



Summary

- **Hyperfine-induced (HFI) transitions have specific applications**
 - accurate atomic clocks
 - astrophysics: isotope specific abundances
- **HFI $2s2p\ ^3P_0 \rightarrow 2s^2\ ^1S_0$ transition in Be-like ions**
 - does not compete with any other one-photon transition
- **First laboratory experiments with Be-like ions in a storage ring**
 - comparision of measurements with two isotopes
 - lifetimes determined with 5% accuracy
 - $^{47}\text{Ti}^{18+}$: 20% discrepancy with recent theoretical results
 - $^{33}\text{S}^{12+}$: Agreement with recent theoretical results
 - in the future determination of nuclear magnetic moments?
- **E1M1 two-photon transition rate**
 - measurements will be pursued for heavy Be-like ions at the ESR

Collaborators & Funding

TSR - HFI transitions

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ESR – E1M1 transitions

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